

November 2013

### Finding a time to save OWEN COUNTY implements Winter Setback

The Holidays may be "the most wonderful time of the year," as the song goes, but for Owen County Schools, this is also the time of the year for saving.

Maintenance Director Dan Logan believed that his department could contribute to the district's efforts to save money by devising an energy-conservation plan for the holidays. Last year, Logan and his building managers decided to use extended setbacks for the system's four schools during this period. They developed a list that included steps such as checking to be sure that exhaust fans were off; that concession stands were shutdown for the winter; and that small appliances, monitors, printers and televisions were not only turned off, but also unplugged. The list also included turning off and unplugging computers and ensuring that the HVAC controls were working properly and scheduled to an aggressive setback level of 55 degrees.

Having worked in the district for several years, Logan knew that the basketball teams would still have practice, and he and his team knew the building control systems well enough to incorporate the holiday practice schedule into the extended setbacks. The plan was put into action in November 2012. Getting buy-in from the building managers was easy because they were involved with the planning process. School personnel were happy to participate because they were competing in a district-wide energy reduction contest.

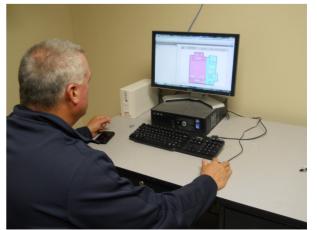
The resulting bills proved the success of the project. The Owen County district used 65,000 less kilowatt hours in December 2012 compared with the same period in the previous year, producing a savings of \$5,000. The concept of having a district-wide setback plan for all school breaks became a priority as school officials recognized that any day when students are not in the building is an opportunity to save money. Logan, his staff and new Energy Manager Brian Linder evaluated last year's setback plan and have made a few minor changes for this year's holiday period.

"This year is very important to us," Logan said. "Our winter break is 16 days long. This is a prime opportunity to bank a few dollars for our district to neutralize the effects of any bad weather ahead." If all goes as planned, this year will truly be "the most wonderful time" for saving in Owen County Schools!

# Whether it's 20 year old technology or the latest digital control, you can use it to save money



Billy Bramblett, Owen Lower Elementary School with older control system.



Dan Logan changing digital control system at Maurice Bowling Middle in Owen County.

#### EXAMPLE OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT WINTER SETBACK CHECKLIST

| Name   | School  |  |
|--------|---|--|
| Date _ | Time  |  |
| Setba  | Completed   |  |
| 1.     | Turn off electronic whiteboards, projection systems, computer moni-<br>tors, printers, scanners, etc. Confirm with district IT regarding turn-<br>ing off computers |  |
| 2.     | Turn off and unplug TVs, DVD players, coffee pots, and any other non-essential classroom/office electronic equipment  |  |
| 3.     | Clean out and unplug personal refrigerators. Leave the door open  |  |
| 4.     | Turn off all classroom lights. Turnoff AND unplug any personal lamps  |  |
| 5.     | Never hang items from ceiling where lighting sensors may be lo-<br>cated  |  |
| 6.     | Turn off nonessential exhaust fans  |  |
| 7.     | Set exterior lights to turn off during daylight hours (this should be done at every day, but would be good to confirm)  |  |
| 8.     | Turn off all display case lighting  |  |
| 9.     | Reset controls OR thermostats to recommended setback tempera-<br>tures  |  |
| 10.    | Unplug chilled-water fountains, except in occupied areas. Check and report any leakage of water fixtures  |  |
| 11.    | If temperatures fall below 20 degrees, plan on inspecting buildings<br>on days when no one is working in the building to ensure proper op-<br>eration               |  |
| Notes  | /Observations   |  |

#### **ENERGY MANAGEMENT AT HOME FOR THE HOLIDAYS**

Technology has provided more options for schools to use in reducing their energy consumption. It also has given us new ways of reducing energy consumption at home. As you make plans now for holiday decorations, consider using the newer LED lighting. A comparison of the energy cost for four popular types of holiday lights is below.

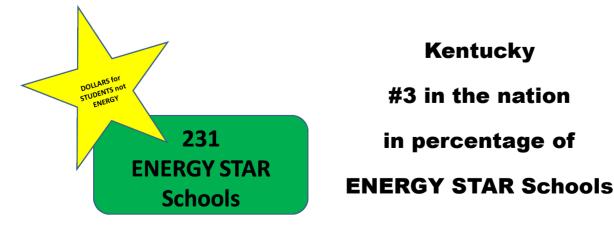
| Contraction of the      | Old Style               |                       | LED Lights  |                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
|                         | Large Bulbs<br>(C7, C9) | Small Bulbs<br>(Mini) | Large Bulbs | Small Bulbs<br>(Mini) |
| Lights Per String       | 25                      | 100                   | 25          | 70                    |
| Watts Per String        | 175                     | 40                    | 2           | 4.2                   |
| Hours of Use Per<br>Day | 6                       | 6                     | 6           | 6                     |
| Days In Month           | 30                      | 30                    | 30          | 30                    |
| kWh Average Cost        | \$0.10                  | \$0.10                | \$0.10      | \$0.18                |
| Number of Strings       | 10                      | 10                    | 10          | 10                    |
| Average Monthly<br>Cost | \$31.50                 | \$7.20                | \$0.36      | \$0.76                |

The above calculations assume large incandescent, old style light bulbs use 7 watts per bulb while small incandescent, old style bulbs use 0.4 watts per bulb. It also assumes large LED bulbs use 0.08 watts per bulb and small LED bulbs use 0.06 watts per bulb. http://www.nstar.com/residential/energy\_efficiency/holiday-lights.asp-updated to use average Kentucky cost perkwh

#### **Energy Management Report Update**

At this point, 87 percent of Kentucky School districts have submitted their Energy Management Report to comply with KRS 160.325 and Board Policy 05.23. As data continues to be verified, a few trends are beginning to emerge. Between the 2010 – 2013, many districts have seen significant reductions in their energy consumption. This reduction has offset the rising energy costs over the last three years.

The Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet has contacted districts that have not yet submitted their Energy Management Report. Immediate attention to this report is important since a final report to the Legislative Research Commission is due by December 1st.





#### Congratulations to the following School Districts for being recognized for having an ENERGY STAR School

## **ENERGY STAR Labeled Buildings & Plants**

Showing ENERGY STAR Labeled K-12 Schools in Kentucky

Anderson County (4) Barren County (7) Bellevue Ind. (1) Boone County (6) Bowling Green Ind. (2) Boyle County (1) Bracken County (1) **Bullitt County (16)** Burgin Ind. (1) Butler County (4) Calloway County (1) Campbell County (3) Carroll County (1) Casey County (1) **Christian County (8)** Corbin Ind. (6) Danville Ind. (2) **Daviess County (14) Fayette County (13)** 

Floyd County (6) Frankfort Ind. (2) Franklin County (1) Gallatin County (2) Grant County (1) **Grayson County (4)** Hardin County (8) Henry County (2) Jefferson County (11) Jessamine County (2) Kenton County (11) Laurel County (4) Lincoln County (4) Madison County (3) Magoffin County (1) Marion County (3) Marshall County (1) Mayfield Ind. (1) Meade County (4)

Mercer County (2) Murray Ind. (2) Nelson County (2) Ohio County (1) Oldham County (10) Owen County (3) Pendleton County (4) **Rockcastle County (2)** Rowan County (2) Scott County (10) Shelby County (2) Simpson County (1) Southgate Ind. (1) Trimble County (1) Walton Verona (2) Warren County (19) Williamstown Ind. (1) Woodford County (1)